

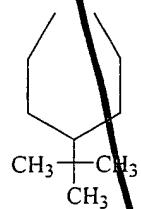
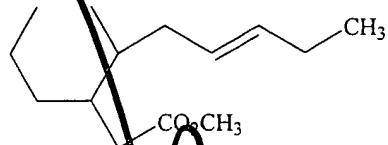
*Q1*  
~~Q2~~  
*Q3*

$R_2$  is phenyl substituted with 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen, a hydroxyl, a methoxy, a benzyloxy, a phenoxy, a trifluoromethyl, an isopropyl, and a thiomethyl group, naphthyls and substituted naphthyls

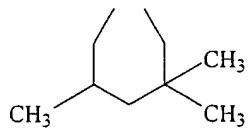
or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

7. (Amended) The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 21 where  $R_1, R_2$  is  
 $(CH_2)_4$ ,  $(CH_2)_6$ , 4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>NNHCO-4-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>N.

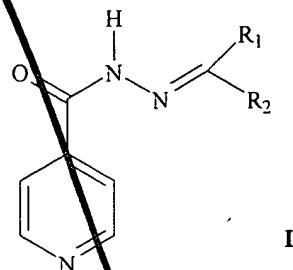
8. (Amended) The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 21 where  $R_1, R_2$  is



or



32 17. (Amended) A method for producing an antimycobacterial compound of the formula:



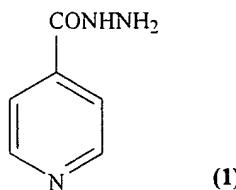
wherein  $R_1$  is H; and

wherein  $R_2$  is phenyl substituted with 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of a halogen, a hydroxyl, a methoxy, a benzyloxy, a phenoxy, a trifluoromethyl, an isopropyl, and a thiomethyl group, naphthyls and substituted naphthyls or

wherein  $R_1R_2$  = optionally substituted carbocyclic groups;

which comprises:

refluxing



with absolute ethanol to produce a solution;

adding a carbonyl compound comprising the formula of:



wherein  $R_3$  = H or  $CH_3$ ; and

wherein  $R_4$  =  $C_1$  to  $C_{14}$  alkyl,  $C_2$  to  $C_{10}$  substituted alkyl,  $C_2$  to  $C_{10}$  alkenyl,  $C_2$  to  $C_9$  substituted alkenyl,  $C_2$  to  $C_9$  substituted dialkenyl,  $C_3$  to  $C_7$  cycloalkyl,  $C_3$  to  $C_7$  substituted cycloalkyl, phenyl, substituted phenyl,  $C_7$  to  $C_{16}$  phenylalkyl,  $C_7$  to  $C_{16}$  substituted phenylalkyl, benzyl, substituted benzyl, naphthyl, substituted naphthyl, heterocycle, substituted heterocycle, halo, hydroxy, amino, or carboxy; or

*B1  
Cox*  
*AB  
MKT*  
wherein  $R_3R_4$  =  $C_4$  to  $C_8$  cycloalkyl or  $C_4$  to  $C_{10}$  substituted cycloalkyl;

to the solution to produce a reaction mixture;

distilling the reaction mixture;

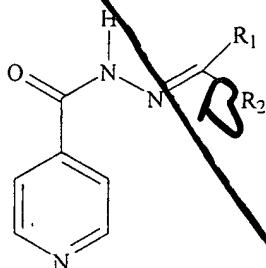
adding diethyl ether to the reaction mixture;

filtering the reaction mixture; and

drying the filtrate to produce I.

*at*  
Please add the following claims:

21. (New) An antimycobacterial compound of the formula:

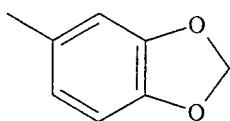
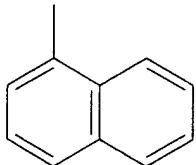


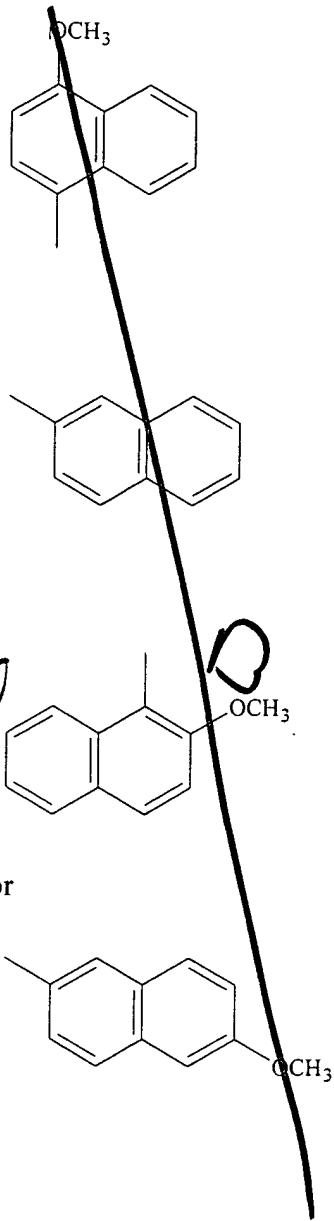
wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  is optionally substituted carbocyclic groups or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

22 (New) The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is H; and  
 $R_2 = 4\text{-iso-C}_3\text{H}_7\text{C}_6\text{H}_4$ , 2,5-di(Cl)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 2,3,5-tri(F)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, 2-F-4-CF<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 3,4,5-tri(F)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, 2-Cl-6-CH<sub>3</sub>O-*iso-C*<sub>9</sub>H<sub>4</sub>N, 2-F-3-Cl-6-CF<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, 2,4-di(CF<sub>3</sub>)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 2,6-di(F)-3-Cl-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, 2-F-3-Cl-5-CF<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, 2-F-5-Br-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 2-CH<sub>3</sub>S-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 2-O-C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>7</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 3-O-C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>7</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 4-O-C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>7</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 2,4,5-tri(F)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, 2-F-5-I-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 2,3,4-tri(OH)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, 4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-CH=NNHCO-4-C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>N, 4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, 4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, 2-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OH, 4-OH-3-OCH<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, 3-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>, 4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>F, 3,5-di(CH<sub>3</sub>)-4-O-C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>7</sub>, 2-F-4-OCH<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 2-ClC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 4-BrC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 3-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, 4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, 2-Cl-5-NO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 4-Cl-3-NO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 2-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>, 2-6-di(Cl)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 2,3-di(Cl)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 3,4-di(F)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 2,6-di(F)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>, 3,4-di(Cl)C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub> or 4-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>Cl.

23. (New) The antimycobacterial compound according to claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is H;  
and

$R_2 =$





#### REMARKS

The Office Action dated January 29, 2002 has been received and carefully considered.

The interview with the Examiner on April 24, 2002 is acknowledged and appreciated. It is believed the Examiner Interview Summary Record sets forth the substance of the interview.